

Code No. 18665

## **Anti-Human**

NF kappa B p65 (N) Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify

Volume :  $100 \,\mu g$ 

## Introduction

: In 1986, a transcription factor binding to an enhancer region that is necessary to express immunoglobulin κ light chain gene on mature B cells specifically was identified, and it was named nuclear factor κB (NFκB, nuclear factor of kappa light chain gene enhancer in B cells). Afterwards, it was clarified that NFκB is two hetero dimeric forms of p50 and p65, and it was also found that each molecule has high homology with c-Rel (oncoprotein of avian retrovirus (reticuloendotheliosis virus strain T) that induces a tumor to the spleen) by cDNA cloning. Nowadays, NFκB is classified into Rel family proteins. In a cell signaling system, NFκB forms a complex with IκB in the cytoplasm, and it is inactivated. It is thought that NF-κB is a transcription factor distributed in many kinds of cells. It shifts to the nucleus by IκB's being dissolved along with various stimulation, and then controls the expressions of various genes.

**Antigen**: Synthetic peptide for N-terminal of Human NF kappa B p65 protein

(MDELFPLIFPAEPAQAS)

**Purification**: Affinity Purified with synthetic peptide

Form : Lyophilized product from 1% BSA in PBS containing 0.05%NaN<sub>3</sub>

**How to use** : 1 ml distilled water will be added to the product

**Dilution**: PBS (pH7.4) containing 1% BSA

**Stability** : Lyophilized product, 5 years at 2 - 8 °C

: Solution, 2 years at -20 °C

**Application**: This antibody can be stained in formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissues after

microwave treatment with 10mM citric acid buffer.

The optimal dilution is  $5 \mu g/ml$ , however, the dilution rate should be optimized

by each laboratories.

: This antibody can be used for western blotting in concentration of  $1\sim5 \mu g/ml$ .

Specificity: Confirmed in Human KG-1 Cell Line and Human Raji Cell Line