

Code No. 18121

Anti-Human c-Ret (R787) Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify

Volume : 100 μg

Introduction: The ret proto-oncogene products (c-Ret) are expressed as 150kDa and 170kDa

glycoproteins in neuroblastoma cells and as 150 kDa and 190 kDa glycoproteins in leukemia cells. These proteins are produced from a single polypeptide of 120 kDa by posttranslational glycosylation. Although expression of the ret proto-oncogene was frequently detected in human tumors such as neuroblastoma, pheochromocytoma and thyroid medullary carcinoma, its physiological function is unknown. It turned out that the extracellular domain of the c-Ret contains a cadherin-related sequence that is known to be important for Ca2+-dependent homophilic binding of cadherins. The homologous sequence found in the c-Ret consists of about 110 amino acids and is tandemly repeated 3-4 times in the extracellular domains of all vertebrate cadherins. The sequence of the c-Ret showed 20-30% identity with the member of the cadherin superfamily in the amino acid level. This suggests that possibility that the c-Ret may

function as a cell adhesion molecule like cadherins.

This antibody specifically recognizes human c-Ret short isoform (RET9/R787).

Antigen: Synthetic peptide of the C terminal part of Human c-Ret sort isoform

Purification: Purified with antigen peptide

Form : Lyophilized product from PBS containing 1 % BSA and 0.05 % NaN₃

How to use : 1.0 mL deionized water will be added to the product (the conc. comes up 100 μg/mL)

Stability: Lyophilized product, 5 years at 2 - 8 °C

: Solution, 2 years at -20 °C

Application: This antibody can be used for immunohistochemistry with formalin fixed paraffin

embedded tissues after microwave treatment (in 10 mM citrate buffer, ph 6.0, for 10 min.). The recommended concentration is 2 - 5 μ g/mL, however, the concentration

should be optimized by each laboratory.

: This antibody can be used for western blotting in concentration of 2 - 5 µg/mL.

Specificity: Cross-reacts with mouse and rat.

Reference: 1. Tsuzuki T et al. Spatial and temporal expression of the ret proto-oncogene product

in embryonic, infant and adult rat tissues. Oncogene. 1995: 10 (1), 191-198