

Code No. 18805

**Anti-Mouse
Claudin-15 (C) Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify**Volume : 100 µg

Introduction : The tight junction is identified as a belt-like region in which two lipid-apposing membranes lie close together (tight junction strands). Tight junction strands of the adjacent cells form tightly connected pairs. The proteins involved in the formation of tight junctions are divided into two categories: 1) integral membrane proteins, such as occludin, claudin and junctional adhesion molecule, JAM and 2) peripheral membrane proteins (cytoplasmic plaque proteins), MAGUK (membrane-associated guanylate kinase) homologue proteins, such as ZO-1, 2, 3, cingulin, symplekin, 19B1, and AF-6. In human, the claudin superfamily consists of at least 18 members, which are involved on paracellular transport as structural and functional components of tight junction. Claudins are directly associated with ZO-1, 2 and 3 and indirectly with AF-6 and cingulin.

It is known that Claudin-15 is distributed at liver or kidney in mouse

Antigen : Synthetic peptide of the part of C-terminal of Mouse Claudin-15 (TSDESDISFGKYGKNA)

Purification : Purified with antigen peptide

Form : Lyophilized product from PBS containing 1 % BSA and 0.05 % NaN₃

How to use : 1.0 mL deionized water will be added to the product, then its concentration comes to 100 µg/mL

Stability : Lyophilized product, 5 years at 2 – 8 °C
: Solution, 2 years at –20 °C

Application : This antibody can be used for immunohistochemistry with frozen tissues or cells by several techniques such as immunofluorescent method. The optimal concentration is about 5 µg/mL, however, the concentration should be optimized by each laboratory.
: This antibody can be used for western blotting in concentration of about 5 µg/mL.

Specificity : Claudin-15 specific.
Not cross-react with Claudin-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, and -12.
(This confirmed by western blotting using each transfectant)

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.