

Code No. 18885

Anti-Mouse

Claudin-8 (C) Rabbit IgG Affinity Purify

Volume : $100 \,\mu g$

Introduction : The

: The tight junction is identified as a belt-like region in which two lipidapposing membranes lie close together (tight junction strands). Tight junction strands of the adjacent cells form tightly connected pairs. The proteins involved in the formation of tight junctions are divided into two categories: 1) integral membrane proteins, such as occludin, claudin and junctional adhesion molecule, JAM and 2) peripheral membrane proteins (cytoplasmic plaque proteins), MAGUK (membrane-associated guanylate kinase) homologue proteins, such as ZO-1, 2, 3, cingulin, symplekin, 19B1, and AF-6.

In human, the claudin superfamily consists of at least 18 members, which are involved on paracellular transport as structural and functional components of tight junction. Claudins are directly associated with ZO-

1, 2 and 3 and indirectly with AF-6 and cingulin.

Antigen: Synthetic peptide of part of C terminal of Mouse Claudin-8

(SFHAEKRSPSIYSKSQY)

Purification: Purified with antigen peptide

Form: Lyophilized product from 1% BSA in PBS containing 0.05% NaN₃

How to use : 1.0 mL distilled water will be added to the product, then its concentration

comes to 100 ug/mL

Dilution: PBS (pH7.4) containing 1% BSA

Stability: Lyophilized product, 5 years at 2 – 8 °C

: Solution, 2 years at -20 °C

Application: This antibody can be stained in frozen tissues by several

Immunohistochemical techniques such as immunofluoroscent method. The optimal dilution is 5 μ g/mL however, the dilution rate should be optimized

by each laboratories.

: This antibody can be used for western blotting in concentration of 5 μ g/mL.

Specificity: Claudin-8 specific.

Not cross reacts with Claudin-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -12 and -15. (This confirmed by western blotting using each transfectants)