

Mouse sAPP β -w Assay Kit - IBL

96 Well

Please read carefully this instruction prior you use this assay kit.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

KIT COMPONENT

| | | |
|---|--|------------|
| 1 | Precoated plate: (Anti-sAPP β -w Rabbit IgG) | 96Well x 1 |
| 2 | Labeled antibody conc.: (30X) HRP conjugated Anti-mN-APP Rabbit IgG Fab' A.P.) | 0.4mL x 1 |
| 3 | Standard: (Recombinant Mouse sAPP β -w) | 0.5mL x 2 |
| 4 | EIA buffer | 30mL x 1 |
| 5 | Solution for labeled antibody | 12mL x 1 |
| 6 | Chromogen: TMB solution | 15mL x 1 |
| 7 | Stop solution | 12mL x 1 |
| 8 | Wash buffer conc. | 50mL x 1 |

MEASURING SAMPLES

Mouse plasma, Cell Culture Supernatant

PRINCIPLE

This kit is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay). As a primary antibody is coated on a plate, samples and standard are added into the wells for 1st reaction. After the reaction, HRP-conjugated secondary antibody is added into the wells for 2nd reaction. After washing away unbound the secondary antibody, Tetra Methyl Benzidine (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops.

OPERATING PRECAUTION

- Test samples should be measured soon after collection. For storage of samples, store them frozen and do not repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Thaw the test samples at a low temperature and mix them completely before measurement.
- Test samples should be diluted with "4, EIA buffer" contained in this kit.
- Duplicate measurement of test samples and standards is recommended.
- Standard curve should run for each assay.
- Use test samples in neutral pH range. The contaminations of organic solvent may affect the measurement.
- All reagents should be brought to room temperature (R.T.) and mixed completely and gently before use. After mixing them, make sure of no change in quality of the reagents.
- Use only "8, Wash buffer conc." contained in this kit for washing the precoated plate. Insufficient washing may lead to the failure in measurement.
- Fill the wash buffer each well, invert the plate and make sure the liquid is completely removed by shaking it off if you use a washing bottle. Repeat this washing process several times as instructed in order to avoid any insufficient washing process.
- After remove the wash buffer, tapping the plate against a clean paper towel for completely removing the liquid from the wells and make sure the paper towel is not contact with inside of the wells in this process.
- "6, Chromogen - TMB solution" should be stored in the dark due to its sensitivity against light. It should be also avoided contact with metals. Required quantity should be prepared into a collecting container for each use.
- After adding TMB solution into the wells, the liquid in the wells gradually changes the color in blue. In this process the plate should be in dark. Remained TMB solution in the collecting container should not be returned into the original bottle of TMB solution to avoid contamination.
- Measurement of O.D. should be done within 30 minutes after addition of "7, Stop solution".

OPERATION MANUAL AND DOSAGES

1. Materials needed but not supplied.

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Plate reader | Micropipette and tip |
| Test tubes for dilution | Measuring cylinder and beaker |
| Deionized water | Plate washer |
| Paper towel | Collecting container |
| Refrigerator | (i.e. clean disposable test tube) |

2. Preparation

- Preparation of wash buffer
Dilute "8, Wash buffer conc." 40 fold with deionized water. The diluted one is used for the assay as a wash buffer. Adjust the required quantities if needed.
- Preparation of labeled antibody
Dilute "2, Labeled antibody conc." 30 fold with "5, Solution for labeled

antibody" using a prepared collecting container.

(3) Preparation of standard

Add 0.5 mL of deionized water into the vial of "3, Standard" and completely dissolve it. Concentration of the standard is 1600 pg/mL. Prepare 7 test tubes for dilution of the standard and adding 230 μ L of the EIA buffer into each tube.

Put 230 μ L of 1600 pg/mL standard into the tube 800 pg/mL (Tube-1) and gently mix it. Afterword, put 230 μ L of the mixed liquid of tube-1 into the tube 400 pg/mL (Tube-2) and gently mix it. Dilute two fold standard solution in series to set up 7 points of diluted standard between 800 pg/mL and 13 pg/mL.

| | | |
|--------|-----|-------|
| Tube-1 | 800 | pg/mL |
| Tube-2 | 400 | pg/mL |
| Tube-3 | 200 | pg/mL |
| Tube-4 | 100 | pg/mL |
| Tube-5 | 50 | pg/mL |
| Tube-6 | 25 | pg/mL |
| Tube-7 | 13 | pg/mL |

(4) Preparation of test samples

Dilution Ratio of Mouse plasma: 10 fold

3 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

- Add test sample blank
Determine wells for test sample blank. Put 100 μ L each of "4, EIA buffer" into the wells.
- Add prepared test samples and standard
Put 100 μ L prepared test samples and 100 μ L prepared standard into appropriate wells.
- Incubation with plate lid (1st reaction).
- Washing
Wash the plate with the prepared wash buffer and remove all liquid.
- Add prepared labeled antibody
Put 100 μ L prepared labeled antibody into the wells.
- Incubation with plate lid (2nd reaction).
- Washing
Wash the plate with the prepared wash buffer and remove all liquid completely.
- Add "6, Chromogen - TMB solution"
Put 100 μ L the TMB solution into the wells.
- Incubation in dark
- Add "7, Stop solution"
Put 100 μ L the Stop solution into the wells.
- Determination of optical density (O.D.)
Remove any dirt or drop of water on the bottom of the plate and confirm there is no bubble on the surface of the liquid. Then, measure the both O.D. of standard and the test samples against a test sample blank.
Measurement wavelength: 450 nm. In case of 2 wavelengths:
Main wavelength is 450nm. Sub-wavelength is between 600 and 650 nm.

Table for measurement procedure

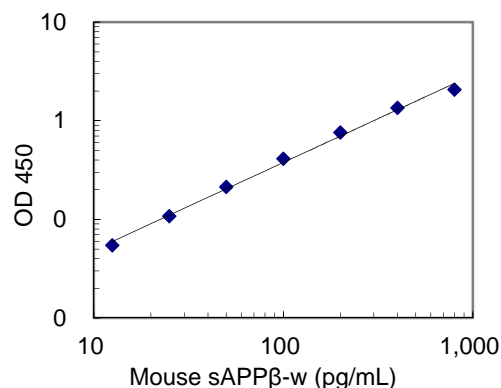
| | Test samples | Standard | Test sample blank |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Reagents | Test samples 100 μ L | Diluted Standard 100 μ L | EIA buffer 100 μ L |
| 1 st reaction | Incubation overnight at 2~8°C with plate lid. | | |
| Washing | 4 times (wash buffer more than 350 μ L) | | |
| Labeled antibody | 100 μ L | 100 μ L | 100 μ L |
| 2 nd reaction | Incubation for 60 minutes at 2~8°C with plate lid. | | |
| Washing | 5 times (wash buffer more than 350 μ L) | | |
| TMB solution | 100 μ L | 100 μ L | 100 μ L |
| Chromogenic reaction | Incubation for 30 minutes at R.T. (shielded). | | |
| Stop solution | 100 μ L | 100 μ L | 100 μ L |
| Measuring O.D. | 450 nm / 600~650 nm | | |

CALCULATION OF TEST RESULT

- Plot the concentration of the standard on the x-axis and its O.D. on the y-axis. Draw a standard curve by applying appropriate regression curve on each plot (i.e. quadratic regression of double logarithm conversion).
- Read the concentration by applying the absorbance of the test samples on a standard curve.
- Calculate the concentration of the test samples by multiplying dilution ratio of test samples on the value.

Example of standard curve and measured value

| Standard (pg/mL) | O.D. (450nm) |
|------------------|--------------|
| 800 | 2.136 |
| 400 | 1.419 |
| 200 | 0.830 |
| 100 | 0.483 |
| 50 | 0.283 |
| 25 | 0.178 |
| 13 | 0.125 |



PERFORMANCE AND CHARACTERISTICS

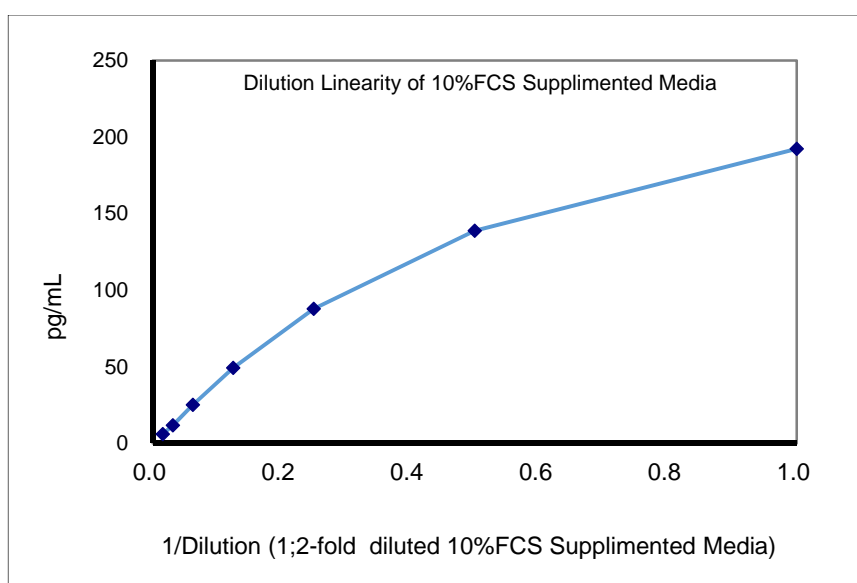
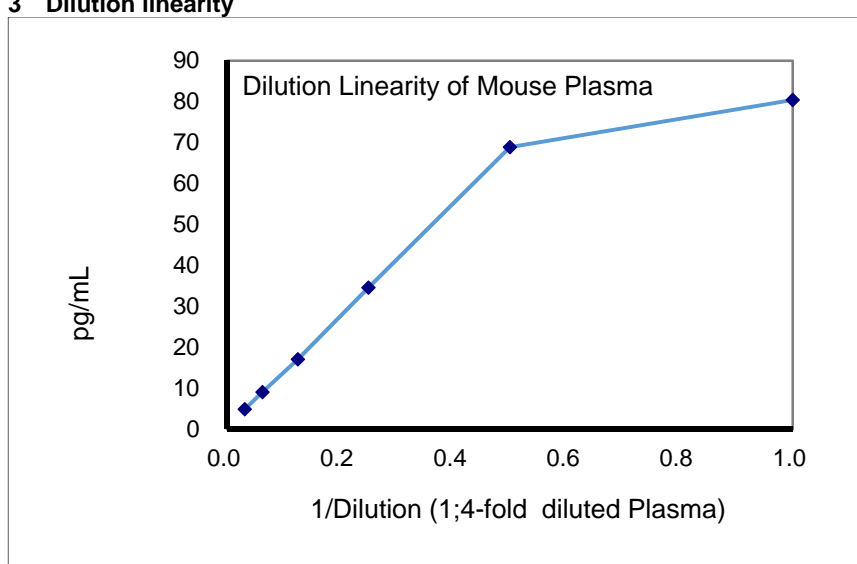
1 Sensitivity

2.87 pg/mL

2 Measurement range

13 ~ 800 pg/mL

3 Dilution linearity



4 Intra-assay

| Measurement value (pg/mL) | SD (pg/mL) | CV (%) | n |
|---------------------------|------------|--------|----|
| 591 | 24.4 | 4.1 | 24 |
| 159 | 6.6 | 4.1 | 24 |
| 52 | 2.9 | 5.7 | 24 |

5 Inter-assay

| Measurement value (pg/mL) | SD (pg/mL) | CV (%) | n |
|---------------------------|------------|--------|---|
| 642 | 37.2 | 5.8 | 6 |
| 168 | 7.5 | 4.5 | 6 |
| 50 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 6 |

6 Specificity

| Substance | Cross reactivity (%) |
|-------------|----------------------|
| Mouse sAPPα | <1% |

PRECAUTION FOR INTENDED USE AND/OR HANDLING

1 Precaution for handling (Hazard prevention)

- (1) Treat the components carefully and wash hands after handling it.
- (2) "7, Stop solution" is a strong acid substance (1N Sulfuric acid). Therefore, it should be careful for the treatment and do not contact your skin and clothes with it. It also needs to pay attention to the disposal of it.

2 Precaution for intended use

- (1) "3, Standard" is lyophilized products. It should be careful to open this vial.
- (2) All reagents should be stored at 2 - 8°C.
- (3) Precipitation can be seen in "4, EIA buffer", "5, Solution for labeled antibody" and "8, Wash buffer conc.", however, it does not affect its performance.
- (4) Do not mix or replace the reagents with the reagents from a different lot or kit.
- (5) Do not use expired reagents.

3 Precaution for disposal

- (1) Dispose used materials after rinsing them with large quantity of water.

STORAGE AND THE TERM OF VALIDITY

Storage Condition: 2 - 8°C
The expiry date is specified on the outer box.

PACKAGE UNIT AND PRODUCT NUMBER

Package unit: 96 Well
Product number: 27416

REFERENCES

1. Selkoe DJ. Normal and abnormal biology of the beta-amyloid precursor protein. *Annu Rev Neurosci.* 1994;17:489-517.
2. Citron M, Oltersdorf T, Haass C, McConlogue L, Hung AY, Seubert P, Vigo Pelfrey C, Lieberburg I, Selkoe DJ. Mutation of the beta-amyloid precursor protein in familial Alzheimer's disease increases beta-protein production. *Nature.* 1992 Dec 17;360(6405):672-4.
3. Hsiao K, Chapman P, Nilsen S, Eckman C, Harigaya Y, Younkin S, Yang F, Cole G. Correlative memory deficits, Abeta elevation, and amyloid plaques in transgenic mice. *Science.* 1996 Oct 4;274(5284):99-102.

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